WOMEN WILL DEVELOP BREAST CANCER IN HER LIFETIME.

1 IN 8

Finding and treating breast cancer early dramatically increases your odds of survival.1

Localized: 99% relative 5-year survival rate
Regionalized: 84%†
Metastasized: 26%‡

*This indicates that patients are 99% as likely as those in the general population to live at least 5 more years.
†Limited spread beyond the cancer's initial location
‡Cancer has spread to other organs

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A recent study found that 71% of women who died of breast cancer were not undergoing regular mammography screening.3

3-D mammography has been shown to increase the detection of invasive cancers by 41%.4

At the same time, 3-D technology was shown to reduce the number of patients called back after a mammogram for further tests by 15%.4

WHILE THE RISKS OF UNDETECTED BREAST CANCER ARE CONSIDERABLE, mammography delivers a very small dose of radiation, posing an extremely low risk of harm.

The average person in the U.S. receives about 3 mSv of radiation from natural sources over the course of a year.5

C-View low-dose 3-D mammography delivers only 1.45 mSv of radiation.

So, the radiation dose from an annual 3-D mammogram is about half of what you’re exposed to each year simply by living on the earth.

Federal regulations set the maximum radiation dose for mammograms at 3 mSv—more than twice the dose delivered by a C-View 3-D mammogram.